TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF

STRAW

HATS

FOR MEN

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DOWNTOWN SHOP

16-18 MAIDEN LANE

otherwise adding to the analysis contained in his formal report on the bill.

Mr. Borah prefaced his discussion of the bonus bill, which he said was outphoniously called adjusted compensation, by challenging the attention of Sarators, in the averagements, depends Senators to the ever-mounting demands on the Treasury. He warned his colleagues that the "people will reach a point where they will carry the burden no lorger," also quoting Senator Smoot as saying that "they cannot carry it lorger."

"In my humble opinion, if the leaders of the Regublican party want to do a matriotic thing." Senator Borah said. "they will take this bill back to the committee and make a real bill and not a pretext of it. They will either present a bona fide proposition to the soldiers, or they will say "we are not in a condition to meet this problem now." and the latter in my opinion is the wise and patriotic course to take."

Senator Borah showed how it would cost from \$1,500,000,000 to \$5,900,000,000."
"Virtually, we say we are not willing." In my humble opinion, if the leaders

"Wirtually, we say we are not willing to pay this now," continued Mr. Borah, "and that we are simply pledging pos-terily to pay it. I object to it first because it does not discharge our oblisation, and secondly, because I am ut-terly opposed to any cash proposition of any kind.

Based on Wrong Theory.

"It is based upon a principle that is wrong and upon a wrong theory and you make a mistake if you think the American soldier will be satisfied with \$50 on July 1, 1922, and \$50 thereafter for each succeeding four mouths, and call that a compensation for his willingness to sacrifice himself in the great war.

dier. Every soldier who has written to me thinks he will get \$500 or \$600 as soon as the bill is passed and will put if in his pocket. By the time they rea-lize the alleged benefits in this bill, their risis will be over and they will be back their normal pre-war conditions in dustry and business.

utterly unjust to the soldier, o the taxpayer and discreditable United States Senate. This reout of the committee says the post-onement of payment will give us time o estimate the Treasury deficit. It may o that, but it will not give us time take care of the deficit. According to the programme before us, the Treas-ry will be in no better condition one ear from now than to-day. The report year from now than to-day. The report suggests that 'by reasonable economy well be able to meet the liability.' Like Mr. Micawber, we are simply waiting for something to turn up."

Senator Borah ridiculed the proposal to pay the honus out of foreign learns.

o pay the bonus out of foreign loans. It said many of the debtor nations annot pay even the interest now, or the rincipal for ten years.

"The only substance to this proposal."

"is that we shall ask im becunious and practically insolvent na-cions to pay an alleged obligation to the American soldier. The Pinance Com-mittee, as representing the good faith of this body, should take this bill back the committee and bring in a real resources and our willingness to pay, and not put it upon the foreigner or posterity. I want to ask those who can speak with authority if they regard this as an expression of the good faith of the Republican party toward the American soldier."

Dawes, Handicapped,

set modifiers.

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Economy of Words Urged In Congress by Woman

Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK

Mashington, D. C., June 23.

MISS ALICE ROBERTSON, Republican Representative from Oklahoma, suggested to the House to-day one means of reducing governmental expenditures. Her advice was: "Stop talking and the bill for printing the Congressional Record will be

Representatives applauded the Representatives appliated the finding of a woman who did not want to talk, but they kept right on "orating."

Five hours was spent in de-

bate on an amendment to the farm loan act, which Representa-tive McLaughlin (Neb.) said would not be opposed by a dozen members.

"I am not going to talk much, for I realize that silence truly is golden and that every extra word we speak here makes that much more expense to the Government," said Miss Robertson.
"Some of us should begin—as I shall begin right now—to save money by stopping talking."

Appeals to Patriotism.

"Unless the bureau chiefs of the de-partments and the leading business men partments and the leading business men of the country respond to the call of the President as they did four years ago the situation is hopeless so far as any material relief for two years is concerned from this source.

"In an emergency the conventional must be brushed aside. Contrary to the rules of common sense and propriety in the ordinary situation of an incoming official I must appounce my pro-

lectined the President's call in a tir of business emergency like this I wou regard myseir as a pusillanimous qu er for the balance of my life, led

enjoying the benefits of great prespectly, success and prestige under the protection of a devenment which you cam to love, declines to accept this call, except for reasons of life and death, your conscience will be cursed by the same conviction. However great the sacrifice, you will come. When the tour months of your service is over, whether it is crowned by success or failure, whether public praise or public criticism results, you will at least have been true to your country.

"In the minds of the President, the Cabinet, the Congress and the public there must exist an absolute confidence in the non-partisanship, impersonanty and disinterestedness of the Budget Sureau, which can herer succeed properly if it becomes involved in controversy, public or private, with the leads of the departments.

Nation Facing a Crisis.

Nation Facing a Crisis.

"In Government business and listing tion it is the eyes and ears but tingers of the Chief Executive. misconstrues its own functions and thereby becomes unnecessarily involved in controversies with the department heads upon whom rests the duty of administration, it will fail. In proportion as it functions humbly it will function powerfully, for the adoption of its suggestions by the President depends upon gestions by the President depends upon their reasonableness alone. My own connection with the bureau will cease after the first budget is made, proyided the budget machinery is then operating efficiently. But whatever may be the

ing next December must in the ensuing six months make the appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1923.

"Let us see what Congress has done to give the Director of the Budget the machinery to attempt this colossal task, which if we are to get any material relief even so late as the fiscal year ending June 30, 1923, must be practically completed by December 1 of this year. He is given an appropriation of \$225,000 for expenses and employees, and an assistant in each department appointed by the Cabinet head. But from the \$225,000 appropriations, besides the assistant to the Director of the Budget, he can employ for this stupe pendous work only four men of his own selection at not over \$6,000 each. For the rest of his force he is compelled to take his chances on men to be certified to him by the Civil Service Commission.

"One might as well be handed a toothpick with which to tunnel Pike's Peak. It is evident if this, the greatest business crisis which our Government has ever confronted, is to be properly met, chief reliance will have to be

coordinated departments. In the last two years they have cut down the appropriations by billions of dollars. It is toothpick with which to tunnel Pike's Peak. It is evident if this, the greatest business crisis which our Government has ever confronted, is to be properly met, chief reliance will have to be placed on something else than the pitiful machinery provided by law with which to exercise the wide powers extended to the Budget Bureau.

"I am therefore accepting the position of Director of the Budget only with the idea that the patriotism of the bureau chiefs and the country as a whole can be so aroused in this emergency of war four years ago.

"The barrier of the service of the ser along the same lines as with the Budget Bureau. Without its cooperation the Budget Bureau cannot properly succeed. It is my great hope that the Budget Bureau may deserve its confidence and that our work may proceed in close con-tact and mutual understanding with

HARDING ASKS SPEED Canada's Birth Rate ON TARIFF AND TAX

President Summons Fordney to the White House to Discuss Fiscal Situation.

BILL READY NEXT WEEK

Republican Insurgents Keep Up Fight on Lumber Schedule and Dye Duties.

New York Herald Bureau. Washington, D. C., June 23. President Harding goted to-day to speed up the passage of tariff and revenue legislation through Congress. Representative Joseph W. Fordney, chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee, was summoned to the White House and the fiscal situation in Congress was discussed. The President is said to have pointed

out that the main purpose for which he called the extraordinary session of Congress was the enactment of tariff and revenue legislation and to have expressed a desire that obstacles now confronting the measure be eliminated

confronting the measure be eliminated as quickly as possible.

"The President asked me when the tariff bill would be reported from the Ways and Means Committee," said Mr. Fordney. "I told him it would be ready the first part of next week and that work on the revenue law would be started thereafter."

Mr. Fordney indicated that the President was not impatient at the situation in Congress, but that he strongly desired prompt action, so that both the revenue and tariff bills could be cleared from the calendars before the end of the special session.

encountered, declared it should be shunted aside and the tax laws revised promptly. Mr. Fordney also indicated that he personelly would not oppose the insurgent movement against lumber. His friends to-day emphatically denied charges coming from insurgent ranks that the duties on lumber were due to his lumber interests. It was said the chairman has taken little part in the consideration of these schedules and is willing to put lumber on the free list, willing to put lumber on the free list,

Is Double Mortality

OTTAWA, Ontario, June 23 .-Canada's birth rate for 1920 was 27.47 per 1,000, as against a death rate of 13.31.

death rate of 13.31.

The marriage rate during the same period was 8.94 per 1,000.

These figures were announced to-day by the Dominion Bureau of

law, but now controls the American chemical dye industry, with assets of approximately \$500,000,000.

Francis P. Garvan, former alien property sustedian, while acting as a Government official, has been charged with selling 4,000 patents of foreign chemicals and dye stuffs taken over by him as Government custodian and valued at many millions of doilars, to said Chemical Foundation trust for \$250,000, after having sold 1,000 other chemical and dye patents to the Grasselli Chemical Company of Ohio for \$5,400,000.

Garvan is now president of the Chemical Foundation, to which he sold these patents and formulas for \$250,000.

BANKERS ASK MORE.

at White House Dinner.

charges coming from insurgent ranks that the duties on lumber were due to his lumber interests. It was said the chairman has taken little part in the chairman has taken little part in

CHANCE TO GET BEER KILLED BY VOLSTEAD

House Dry Leader Drops Pet Measure in Favor of Campbell-Willis Bill.

SPEEDY PASSAGE LIKELY

Treasury to Hold Medicinal Regulations Until Both Houses Can Act.

pecial Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD. New York Herald Bureau. | Washington, D. C., June 23. | Representative Volstead's pride of au horship of prohibition bills to-day was forced to yield to his hatred of all things intoxicating.

With the responsibility on his ders for delaying anti-beer legislation he veteran dry legislator finally allowed HELP IN HOME TRADE the House Judiciary Committee to report favorably the Campbell-Willis anti-bee the House Judiclary Committee to report bill as a substitute for his supplemental prohibition bill, which was not approved Middle West Financiers Give by the House Rules Committee, due to opposition to the sections dealing with Views on Business to Harding the chemical and industrial alcohol in-

Had Mr. Volstead refused to accept the substitute bill in place of his own of middle Western bankers and financiers toward the present business situation, was detailed to President Harding to-night at the second of lis conferences of "best financial minds."

A score of prominent figures in the middle Western business world were the President's dinner guests, and they are undertood to have given to him advice regarding the particular needs of the domestic, international and money market. The viewpoint of the international bankers' group was presented at a similar dinner several weeks.

The Campbell-Wills cell. which Mr. beer propably would have been sold as

ired prompt action.

revenue and tariff bills could be case from the calendars before the end of from the calendars before the end of the special session.

Insurgents Keep Up Fight.

Meanwhile, Republican insurgents against the duties now being inserted in the permanent tariff bill by the ways and Means Committee continued in the permanent tariff bill by the Ways and Means Committee continued their fight with a speech on the floor by Representative Fromg (N. D.), who pointed out how the proposed duty on the proposed duty on pointed out how the proposed duty on the proposed duty on pointed out how the proposed duty on pointed out how the proposed duty on pointed out how the proposed duty on the proposed duty on pointed out how the proposed duty on the proposed duty on pointed out how the proposed duty on the proposed duty duty on the proposed duty duty on the proposed duty dut of the House Rules Committee, who re-fused to give to Mr. Voletead's bill a privileged status, is ready to give legis-lative preference to the new measure at any time the Judiciary Committee asks.

A new section was added to the substitute bill to carry out the Supreme Court decision of June I, which held that intoxicating liquor, although illegally made, can be taxed when it is seized. Explaining this, Mr. Volstead

said:
"In the years past it has been deemed necessary to maintain the strictest kind of control over all kinds of liquor to prevent it from being made and sold without the payment of taxes, and there is, if anything, a greater necessity for such control at this time. There is no practical way of distinguishing between beverage and non-beverage liquor and there certainly can be no good reason why the man who makes liquor in violawhy the man who makes liquor in viola-tion of law should be dealt with more leniently than the man who makes it for lawful purposes. During the last year the Government collected more than \$138,000,000 in revenue from liquor and there is every reason to believe the present tax will be maintained, if it is not increased in the next revenue

law.

"This section is important for another reason. Section 35 of Title II, of the national prohibition act provides for an additional tax on the illegal manufacture. TO DOUBLE PHILIPPINE DEBT.

and traffic in liquor over that imposed on liquor lawfully produced and sold. This tax was held to be valid in a decision of the Supreme Court but decisions have been rendered by various district courts that would indicate that there not was ordered to day by the Santa law. "It has been disclosed in the Senate that \$100,000 was spent by American dye interests to secure the existing dye embergo and license legislation," said Mr. Freat.

The chemical dye trust, represented by reflect that there that \$100,000 was spent by American dye interests to secure the existing dye embergo and license legislation," said Mr. Freat.

The chemical dye trust, represented by various district courts that would indicate that there embergo and license legislation," said Mr. Freat.

The chemical foundation, is for \$300,000,000 Are Pending Against Board.

Washington, June 23—Favorable recourts that would indicate that there courts that would indicate that there have embergo and license and Insular presented to make suitable production. The chemical foundation, is a few been rendered by various district courts that would indicate that there courts that would indicate that there are provided by the Senate law to the Government of the Philippine Islands to increase its bonded in decidence of the man and insular presented to the Government of the Philippine Islands to increase its bonded in decidence of the man and insular provided by the Senate law to describe the moving in the senate of the man and insular provided by the Senate law to describe the moving in the following in the senate law to describe the courts that would indicate that there is no effective remeder to courts that would indicate that there courts that would indicate that there cou

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ONG ISLAND DUCKLING on the table means a special effort to please those to whom dinner is served. It is a choice dish at the best hotels and restaurants. It is a favorite of thoughtful hostesses when entertaining guests at home. Long Island duckling makes a delicious dinner, especially on Sunday.

Robberies of Safes Continue! NO INSURANCE

Reports of safes robbed, in all parts of the country, are appearing daily and it is really astounding to note the large number of victims who have

No Insurance!

The other day \$300,000 was taken from the safe of a corporation in New York. This is one of many such recent

The average safe has no defense against the expert cracksman. It is likewise apparent the police of the various cities cannot fully cope with the epidemic of rob-

It is false economy to continue this great risk when full protection at minimum cost is afforded by our Burglary Insurance policies.

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